

## CORRIGENDA (20 September 2022)

# WHO COVID-19 policy brief: building trust through risk communication and community engagement, 14 September 2022 (WHO/2019-nCoV/Policy Brief/RCCE/2022.1)

#### Page 2, line 26

Delete: acceptance and adoption of life-saving interventions (1). In the early phases of

the COVID-19 response,

*Insert:* acceptance and adoption of life-saving interventions (1, 2). In the early phases of

the COVID-19 response,

Page 2, line 45

Delete: decision, and benefits to affected populations (2, 3).

*Insert:* decision, and benefits to affected populations (3, 4).

Page 3, line 25

Delete: populations at national, sub-national and local levels (4,5). This will foster

community ownership,

*Insert*: populations at national, sub-national and local levels (5). This will foster

community ownership,

Page 3, line 31

Delete: different population groups, particularly those made most vulnerable (4, 5). For

example building and

*Insert*: different population groups, particularly those made most vulnerable (5, 6). For

example building and

Page 3, line 40

Delete: with present and future unknown threats (6, 7, 8). Adaptive national and sub-

national RCCE strategies

Insert: with present and future unknown threats (6, 7). Adaptive national and sub-

national RCCE strategies

#### Page 3, line 46

Delete: management, social media engagement) (4, 9, 10). Member States can also

strengthen

*Insert*: management, social media engagement) (2, 8, 9). Member States can also

strengthen

#### Page 4, line 2

Delete: representative community stakeholders as part of their response teams (12).

Insert: representative community stakeholders as part of their response teams (10, 11).

#### Page 4, line 14–15

Delete: community engagement, social and behavioural research and infodemic

management capacities (7, 13, 14) (Link to the infodemic management policy

brief). It is advisable to institutionalize, budget for and

*Insert*: community engagement, social and behavioural research and infodemic

management capacities (12, 13) (Link to the infodemic management policy

brief). It is advisable to institutionalize, budget for and

### Page 4, line 25

Delete: surveillance and contact tracing (6).

Insert: surveillance and contact tracing.

#### Page 4, line 28

Delete: are rapidly identified and managed (7). Similarly, countries should consider

building and reinforcing local

Insert: are rapidly identified and managed (12). Similarly, countries should consider

building and reinforcing local

Delete pages 5–6 and replace with the following page.

These corrections have been incorporated into the electronic file.

- 7. Joint external evaluation tool: International Health Regulations (2005), third edition.
- 8. Considerations for implementing and adjusting public health and social measures in the context of COVID-19.

#### **References**

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- 2. Communicating risk in public health emergencies: a WHO guideline for emergency risk communication (ERC) policy and practice. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2018. (https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/9789241550208, accessed 23 August 2022).
- 3. Considerations for implementing and adjusting public health and social measures in the context of COVID-19: interim guidance. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2020. (https://apo.who.int/publications/i/item/considerations-in-adjusting-public-health-and-social-measures-in-the-context-of-covid-19-interim-guidance, accessed 23 August 2022).
- Considerations for implementing and adjusting public health and social measures in the context of COVID-19: interim guidance. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2021.
   (https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/considerations-in-adjusting-public-health-and-social-measures-in-the-context-of-covid-19-interim-guidance, accessed 23 August 2022).
- 10 steps to community readiness: What countries should do to prepare communities for a COVID-19 vaccine, treatment or new test. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2021.
   (https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/who-2019-nCoV-Community\_Readiness-2021.1, accessed 10 August 2022).
- 6. World Health Organization. Statement on the twelfth meeting of the International Health Regulations (2005) Emergency Committee regarding the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) pandemic, 12 July 2022 [website]. (https://www.who.int/news/item/12-07-2022-statement-on-the-twelfth-meeting-of-the-international-health-regulations-(2005)-emergency-committee-regarding-the-coronavirus-disease-(covid-19)-pandemic, 24 August 2022)
- 7. Critical preparedness, readiness and response actions for COVID-19: interim guidance, Geneva: World Health Organization; 2021. (<a href="https://apps.who.int/iris/handle/10665/341520">https://apps.who.int/iris/handle/10665/341520</a>, 24 August 2022).
- 8. Digital solutions to health risks raised by the COVID-19 infodemic: policy brief. Geneva: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe; 2022. (<a href="https://www.who.int/europe/publications/i/item/WHO-EURO-2022-5351-45116-64364">https://www.who.int/europe/publications/i/item/WHO-EURO-2022-5351-45116-64364</a>, accessed 16 August 2022).
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- 10. Community engagement: a health promotion guide for universal health coverage in the hands of the people. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2020. (https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/9789240010529, accessed 10 August 2022).
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- 13. World Health Organization. Risk communications and community engagement (RCCE). [website]. (<a href="https://www.who.int/emergencies/risk-communications">https://www.who.int/emergencies/risk-communications</a>, accessed 24 August 2022).

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WHO reference number: WHO/2019-nCoV/Policy\_Brief/RCCE/2022.1