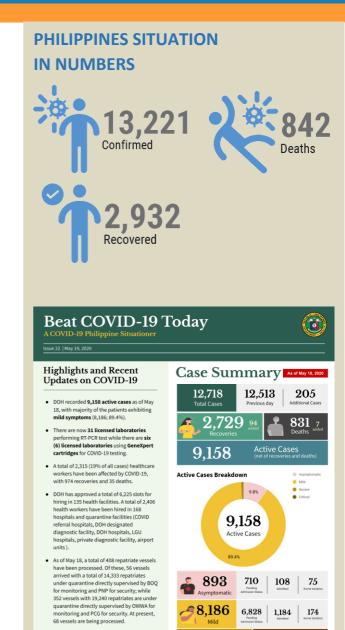
# **Coronavirus disease (COVID-19)** Situation Report 33 Philippines 20 May 2020



Data reported by the Department of Health on 20 May 2020

# **Highlights**

- Out of the total 13,221 confirmed cases reported in the Philippines until today, 54% are male, with the most affected age group 30-39 years (21.6%) followed by 20-29 (17.3%)
- 65.0% of cases reported from National Capital Region (NCR), followed by Central Visayas (13.8%), CALA-BARZON (11.0%), and Central Luzon (3.4%)
- Out of the 842 confirmed deaths, 64% are male, with the most affected age group over 70 years (37.0%) followed by 60-69 years (31.3%)
- 73.2% of deaths reported from NCR, followed by CAL-ABARZON (11.6%), Central Luzon (3.5%), and Central *Visayas (3.3%)*
- Department of Health (DOH) strongly emphasizing the importance of adherence to minimum precautionary measures, especially in areas transiting from (Modified) Enhanced Community Quarantine to General Community Quarantine
- DOH and National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council (NDRMMC) developing guidelines for typhoon preparedness in COVID- context 19, to reduce risk of transmission in evacuation shelters as experienced during Tropical Storm Ambo
- Currently 31 laboratories using PCR and 6 for GeneXpert accredited for COVID-19 testing. Latest addition: Lucena United Doctors Hospital and Medical Center in Quezon Province, and Dr Jose N Rodriguez Memorial Hospital and Sanitarium in Caloocan City
- According to DOH among all confirmed cases, 89.4%
- 100% of all health facilities are regularly reporting to DOH's DataCollectApp showing less than 38% occupancy rate of ward beds, ICU beds and isolation beds for COVID-19 patients



https://covid19.healthypilipinas.ph/ https://www.doh.gov.ph/covid19tracker

**₹8,186** 

**Probable Cases** 

56

801

6,828

Suspect Cases

1,184 174

24,332

http://www.covid19.gov.ph/

of embracing the New Normal in their everyday lives. Following the minimu health standards in hotels and inns is

health standards in hotels and inns is essential to keep everyone healthy and safe. Everyone is further advised to maintain a healthy diet and to exercise regularly. Wearing of face masks at all times and frequent washing of hands using soap and water for at least 20 seconds should be

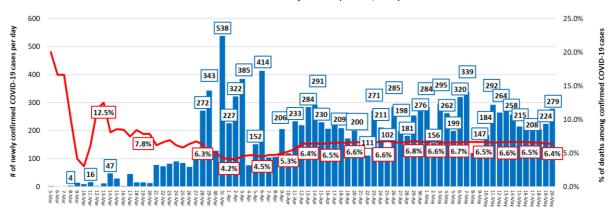
https://www.lguvscovid.ph/

## **Current Situation**

As of 20 May, a total of 13,221 confirmed COVID-19 cases including 842 deaths have been reported in the Philippines.

## Daily reported confirmed COVID-19 cases in the Philippines

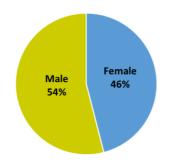
5 March-20 May 2020 (N=13,221)



Among the 13,221 confirmed cases, 54% are male, with most affected age groups are 30-39 years (21.6%) followed by 20-29 (17.3%).

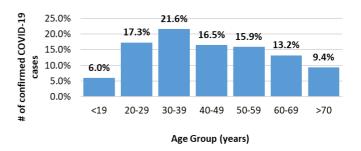
# Gender distribution of confirmed COVID-19 cases in the Philippines in %

18 January-20 May 2020 (N=13,221)



# Age distribution of confirmed COVID-19 cases in the Philippines in %

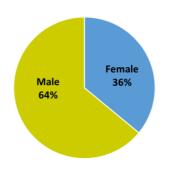
18 January-20 May 2020 (N=13,221)



Out of total 842 confirmed deaths, 64% are male, with most affected age group over 70 years of age (37.0%) followed by 60-69 years (31.3%).

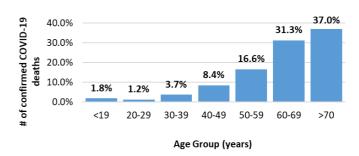
# Gender distribution of confirmed COVID-19 deaths in the Philippines in %

18 January-20 May 2020 (N=842)



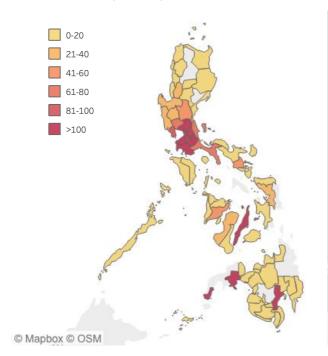
# Age distribution of confirmed COVID-19 deaths in the Philippines in %

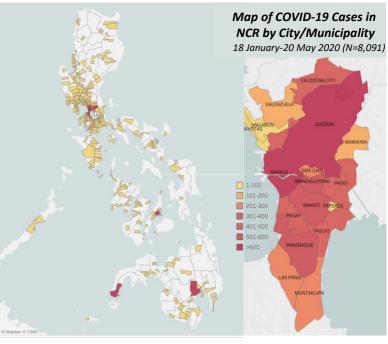
18 January-20 May 2020 (N=842)



# Map of confirmed C OVID-19 cases by province 18 January-20 May 2020 (N=13,221)

# Map of confirmed COVID-19 cases by city/municipality 18 January-20 May 2020 (N=13,221)





# **Country readiness and response operations**

## **Country-level coordination**

DOH issued Department Memorandum 0220 *Interim Guidelines on the Return-to-Work* on 11 May 2020, aimed to prevent, control, and reduce infection in the workplace, including proper social distancing and disinfection in place, as well as effective screening and testing of staff.

The Inter-Agency Task Force for the Management of Emerging Infectious Diseases (IATF-EID) issued the *Omnibus Guidelines on the Implementation of Community Quarantine* on 15 May 2020, further clarifying the differences between the different types of community quarantine in place in the country, as outlines in the below table.

Туре	Details	Until May 31
ECQ	Enhanced Community Quarantine: temporary measures imposing stringent limitations on movement and transportation of people, strict regulation of operating industries, provision of good and essential services, and heightened presence of uniformed personnel to enforce community quarantine protocols	Cebu City, Mandaue City
MECQ	Modified Enhanced Community Quarantine (MECQ): transition phase between ECQ and GCQ, when these temporary measures are relaxed: stringent limiting [of] movement and transportation of people, strict regulation of operating industries, provision of food and essential services, and heightened presence of uniformed personnel to enforce community quarantine protocols become less necessary	Metro Manila, Ba- taan, Bulacan, Nueva Ecija, Pampanga, Zambales, Angeles City, Laguna
GCQ	General Community Quarantine: temporary measures limiting movement and transportation, regulation of operating industries, and presence of uniformed personnel to enforce community quarantine protocols.	rest of the country
MGCQ	Modified General Community Quarantine: transition phase between GCQ and New Normal, when these temporary measures are relaxed: limiting movement and transportation, the regulation of operating industries, and the presence of uniformed personnel to enforce community quarantine protocols become less necessary.	None

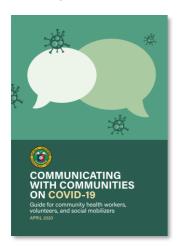
The latest DOH situationers are available here:

- bit.ly/COVIDPHSituationer019 16 May 2020
- bit.ly/COVIDPHSituationer020 17 May 2020
- bit.ly/COVIDPHSituationer021 18 May 2020
- bit.ly/COVIDPHSituationer022 19 May 2020
- bit.ly/COVIDPHSituationer023 20 May 2020

#### Risk communication

With many parts of the country transiting from (Modified) Enhanced Community Quarantine to General Community Quarantine, a large influx of people is returning back to work, proportionally increasing the risk of transmission of COVID-19. Avoiding of overcrowding, maintaining minimum hygiene and social distanc-

ing standards are crucial in reducing chances of infection.



4,000 people attended an online forum on Redefining "Learning" organized by the Department of Education with support from UNICEF, through a Facebook Live session on 12 May →

← DOH issued guidelines developed jointly with WHO, UNICEF, USAID and other partners on Communicating with **Communities on COVID-19** for frontliners such as Barangay Health Emergency Response Teams (BHERT), community health workers, volunteers and social mobilizers.

Internews, together with Translators without Borders, Standby Taskforce and BBC Media Action, released a third rumours bulletin, with analysis of 2,163 rumours collected from 23 January to 8 May in different languages, including Tagalog.

#### Surveillance

DOH updated the COVID-19 Data Drop, with all relevant statistics regularly updated freely and broadly accessible to all at: bit.ly/DataDropPH



Redefining





WHO is supporting DOH in conducting training sessions on the mobile application COVID KAYA to Regional, Provincial, City, and Municipal Epidemiological Surveillance Units (ESUs). COVID KAYA aims to speed up data collection, analysis and reporting on suspect, probable, and confirmed cases, as well as identified contacts, directly linking case-based data with laboratory data.

Training efforts are being strengthened thanks to support from the USAID-supported ReachHealth in their respective target areas. The app is expected to significantly improve both timeliness and accuracy of all COVID-19 surveillance data.

UNFPA launched a Sexual and Reproductive Health and Rights Dashboard, in partnership with DOH, providing sex and age disaggregated data analysis of COVID-19 including the specific situation of women of reproductive age (15-49) especially pregnant women, available at https://public.tableau.com/profile/unfpa.philippines



## National laboratory system

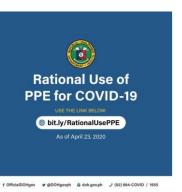
The list of laboratories certified to conduct COVID-19 testing by DOH expanded to 31. The latest laboratory added is the Lucena United Doctors Hospital and Medical Center in Quezon Province. In addition, there currently are 6 GeneXpert machines certified to conduct COVID-19 testing, with as most recent addition the Dr Jose N Rodriguez Memorial Hospital and Sanitarium in Tala, Caloocan City.

Daily testing capacity now exceeds 10,000 between all 37 certified laboratories throughout the country.

With support from the Global Fund, the Philippine Business for Social Progress (PBSP delivered 21,000 GeneXpert cartridges, with an additional 139,000 cartridges in the pipeline.

WHO is supporting DOH and the Research Institute for Tropical Medicine (RITM) with ongoing assessments of an additional 110 public and private laboratories which applied for accreditation.

WHO and DOH have not endorsed any rapid antibody tests, in spite of an increasing number being certified by the Food and Drug Administration. The gold standard for laboratory testing in the Philippines remains PCR.



**RATIONAL USE OF PPE FOR COVID-19** 

How can our hospital equest for PPE?

Request letter addressed to "Sec. Francisco T. Duque III, Secretary of Health" then email to covid19logistics@gmail.com.

public/private hospitals THIN NCR: ITHIN NCR: nail request letter to

r public/private hospitals
UTSIDE NOR:
nail request letter to Center for
lath Development (CHDs) wh
il collect, collate and send to
be DOH Central Office

covid19logistics@gmail.com

## Infection prevention and control

DOH's Interim Guidelines on the Rational Use of PPE for COVID-19 issued on 2 April 2020 are available at bit.ly/RationalUsePPE

UNICEF has so far trained over 3,500 health and community workers with its online IPC trainings for home and community settings. Training are continuing and anyone can sign up for free at https://forms.gle/WAVzGvMFC4geofdU9.

An additional 900 cleaners and sanitary workers

The USAID-funded Medicines, Technologies, and Pharmaceutical Services (MTaPS) program trained 3,500 hospitals workers on IPC and 900 on health care waste management. Trainings are continuing and anyone can sign up at landing page for the virtual training.

were trained through webinars on Cleaning and Disinfection for LGUs and Communities. Anyone can sign up for free at https://bit.ly/2YBGijZ

WHO issued interim guidance on Cleaning and disinfection of environmental surfaces in the context of COVID-19, stating:

- Spraying individuals with disinfectants is **not** recommended as it can be physically and psychologically harmful
- Routine application of disinfectants to environmental surfaces by spraying or fogging in indoor spaces is **not** recommended
- Spraying or fumigation of outdoor spaces, such as streets or marketplaces is **not** recommended to kill because disinfectant is inactivated by dirt and debris.

Americares distributed 3,800 N95 masks in Cebu to the Provincial Health Office, Bogo and Danao Provincial Hospitals, Sogod District Hospital, Metro Cebu Kidney Dialysis Centre, and Inayawan Birthing Centre.



UNICEF supported IPC training in Tongkil RHU in Sulu 个



Americares distributed 3,800 N95 masks in Cebu 个 ICRC trained 173 graduates from the BJMP National Jail Management and Training Institute in Calamba on IPC and Management of the Dead  $\downarrow$ 



5 20 May 2020

United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO) is conducting a Webinar On Infectious Waste Management on 21 May 2020. Registration *here*.

With funding from the Australian government (Australian Aid), UNFPA handed over 130,000 sets of PPE to the Ministry of Interior and Local Government (MILG) in the Bangsamoro Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao (BARMM), while WHO provided a large quantity of PPE to DOH's Drug Recovery Clinics and Rehabilitation Centers.

UNICEF also delivered a large number of PPE and 32 tents to DOH (details in the logistics table).





# Case management and continuity of essential services

Between 1 January and 2 May 2020, a total of 29,343 cases of Influenza Like Illness (ILI) were reported in the Philippines, including 66 deaths. This is a 45% decrease compared to the same period last year, when 53,652 cases were reported including 7 deaths.

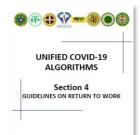
Between 1 January and 2 May 2020, a total of 3,359 measles cases were reported in the Philippines, including 33 deaths. This is a 91% decrease compared to the same period last year, when 38,586 cases were reported including 548 deaths. Among the newly reported cases in 2020, 61% was not vaccinated, with 16% not knowing the vaccination status.

Similarly, between 1 January and 2 May 2020, 48,194 dengue cases were reported, including 169 deaths. This is a 40% decrease compared to the same period last year, when 80,444 cases were re-ported, including 387 deaths

# AVAILABILITY OF BEDS & MECHANICAL VENTILATORS IN DIFFERENT FACILITIES

Reported Daily by Facilities Status: Occupied | Available





WHO organised its 3<sup>rd</sup> *Facebook Live Session* on the availability of COVID-19 treatments and vaccines, to address the many rumours and misinformation existing on these topics.



The unified COVID-19 algorithms for healthcare workers from both community and hospital levels, issued *Section 4: Guidelines on Return to Work https://www.psmid.org/unified-covid-19-algorithms-4/.* Earlier issued sections include guidelines for Primary Care, Hospital Care, and PPE Use by Healthcare Workers.

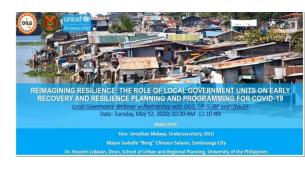
620 participants from LGUs, civil society organizations, and UN attended a webinar on *Reimagining Resilience: The Role of LGUs on Early Recovery and Resilience Planning and Programming for COVID-19* on 12 May co-facilitated by the University of the Philippines School of Urban and Regional Planning and the Department of Interior and Local Government (DILG).



The United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) conducted a 2<sup>nd</sup> Webinar on Drug Use and Prison Health in Times of the COVID-19 Pandemic.

The Philippine Red Cross (PRC) and ICRC are assisting to Cotabato Regional and Medical Center (CRMC) in the setup of 2 additional isolation tents which will cater up to 20 patients. ICRC delivered construction materials for sanitation facilities (4 Air Coolers, 8 sinks for handwashing, 4 showers and 4 toilets, installation of 2 sceptic tanks).

Americares reached 36 frontliners for Psychological First Aid from 10 health facilities in Cebu Province. Americares also distributed gratitude messages through art from children to frontliners during the visits to health facilities and in online support messaging through Facebook to boost their morale.



The Philippine Disaster Resilience Foundation (PDRF) donated ventilators and PPE to the Philippine General Hospital through Zuelliq and Metro Drug ↓





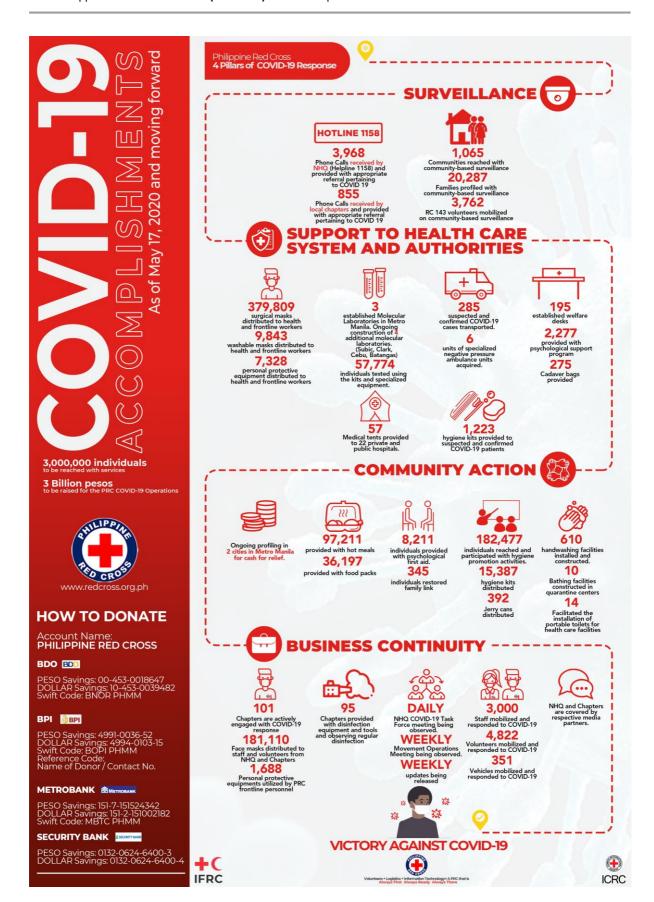
PRC setting up isolation facility and ICRC delivering construction materials for sanitation facilities



# Thank you for your Hardwork front liners



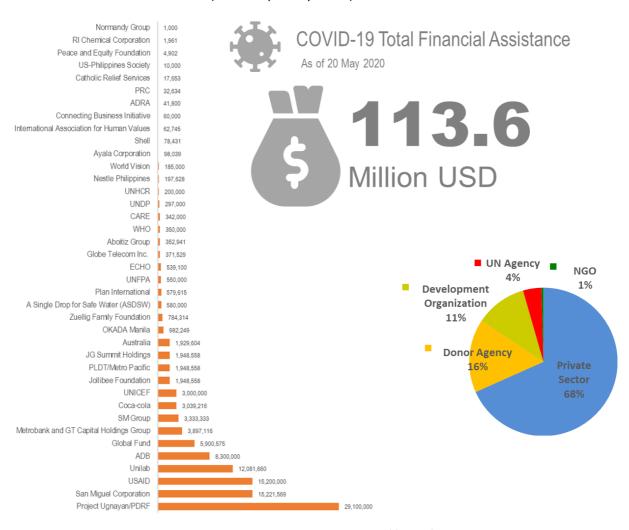
From: Jesu



## **Resource mobilization**

#### Grant

Overall donations received to date (data compiled by OCHA):



Please see for details of all items distributed so far by DOH: https://bit.ly/DOHCommDistribution.

As of 15 May, WHO received more than US\$ 624.5 million and an additional US\$ 167.1 million in pledges to its global appeal. This includes €114 million from the European Union to support 80 priority countries with weakened health care systems and capacity including the Philippines.

The French government through its Development Agency AFD donated €2 million to fight COVID-19 in Southeast Asia, including laboratory strengthening support for RITM.

#### Loan



500M (100M for health)

World Bank

1.5B

Asian Development Bank

Logistics, procurement, and supply management

Who	What	Delivered	Expected
DB	Laboratory facility for 45,000 tests	1 52 122	2.002
mericares	N95 masks	53,120	3,800
	Surgical masks	4,000	
	Face shields	60	
	Thermal scanners	3	
	Disinfectant alcohol (1 gallon)	6	
	Oxygen tanks with accessories	3	
Chinese government	COVID-19 test kits	100,000	
	PPE (full set minus goggles)	10,000	
	N95 masks	10,000	
	Surgical masks	100,000	
AHV	N95/KN95 Masks	34,922	
MC	PPE (full set)	200	
	Surgical gowns	4,765	
	Examination gloves	33,869	
	Surgical masks	206,000	
	Goggles	30	
	Cot beds	10	
	Electric fans	20	
apan government	PPE	12,000	
PRC	Medical tents for isolation and treatment	30	
	Face masks	36,000	
	PPE (full set)	2,000	
	Medical supplies, masks, alcohol, food	łi	
Camaritan's Dursa	<del>-</del>	6 Manila hospitals	
Samaritan's Purse	Medical tents for isolation and treatment	3	
	Mattresses	150	1.500
	PPE		1,500
UNDP	Ventilators		15
UNFPA	Face masks	110,000	
	Handheld thermometers	1,130	
	PPE (full set)	386,355	
	Medical Triage Tents and equipment sets	4	2
	Hygiene kits for women	750	350
	Clean delivery packs		500
	Women Friendly Space Tents	1	2
	Women and Child Protection Unit equipment	1	
UNICEF	Tents for triage and isolation purposes 42 m <sup>2</sup>	32	24
	Coveralls	20,860	51,520
	Faceshields	33,000	
	N95 masks	35,680	
	Surgical masks	38,750	370,450
	Gloves, w/opowder, nitr	30,730	100,000
	Gloves, heavy-duty, rubber/nitrile		1,000
			500
	Goggles, protective, indirect-side-venti		<b></b>
	Apron, protection, plastic, reusable		500
	Boots, rubber/PVC, reusable, pair		500
	Sprayer, compression type, 7.4 litres		160
	Sanitation and cleaning kit		500
JS government	Cots	1,300	
WFP	Mobile Storage Unit	3	
	50 kVA generator	2	
	Shower/toilet unit	1	
NHO (with USAID funding)	Laboratory supplies E-gene EAV kits	335	
	RdRP-gene kits	99	
	N gene/E gene/RdRp gene vials	12	7
	Sanger sequencing reagents vials	3	
	Universal Transport Media viral kit	14,350	
	Flexible Mini Tip	2,000	10,000
	Extraction kits QIAgen Qlamp RNA Kit	59	36
	SuperScript III Platinum One-step qRT-PCR	15	24
NHO (with DFAT funding)	Goggles	1,200	
(with bird junuing)	Gloves	31,000	
	N95 masks	900	
		<del> </del>	
	Surgical masks	100,000	
	Surgical gowns	817	
	Hand sanitizer	240	
	Face shields	640	
	Bio bags	400	
World Vision	Mobile Storage Unit 10 x 32m	4	
	Tents (child-friendly space) 7 x 6m	17	
	PPE (full set)	458	
		<u> </u>	