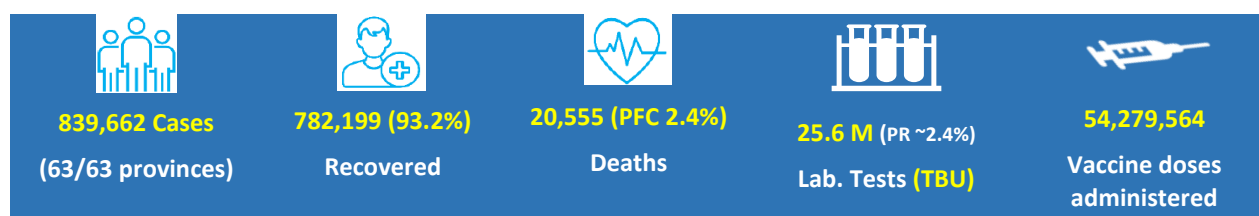


Viet Nam COVID-19 Situation Report #63

Epidemiological report as of 10 October 2021, 18:00

Situation Summary

Cumulative numbers from 23 Jan 2020 – 10 Oct 2021



Highlights from Current Community Outbreak (from 27 April to 10 October 2021)¹

- **Decreasing trends in both daily number of new cases and deaths continued to be reported for the 4th consecutive week.** “The pandemic in Việt Nam has basically been brought under control”, stated Health Minister Nguyen Thanh Long.
- **During the week (from 4 – 10 Oct), a total of 31,084 new cases** were reported including **836 deaths** from the country. These included 31,043 locally acquired cases and 41 imported cases, who are repatriated Vietnamese citizens.
- On average, **4,435 new locally acquired cases were reported per day, decreased 40.1%** compared to previous week; **120 new deaths were reported per day, decreased 25.9%** compared to previous week.
- Cumulatively for this wave, as of 10 Oct 2021 – **835,036 locally acquired cases** have been reported including **20,520 deaths (PFC 2.4%, 0.3% higher than global average PFC)** from **62 cities/ provinces** (Cao Bang remains the only province that has not reported cases in the current wave). Number of **recovered cases is 779,382 (93.1%)**.

See Figures 1, 2, and 3.

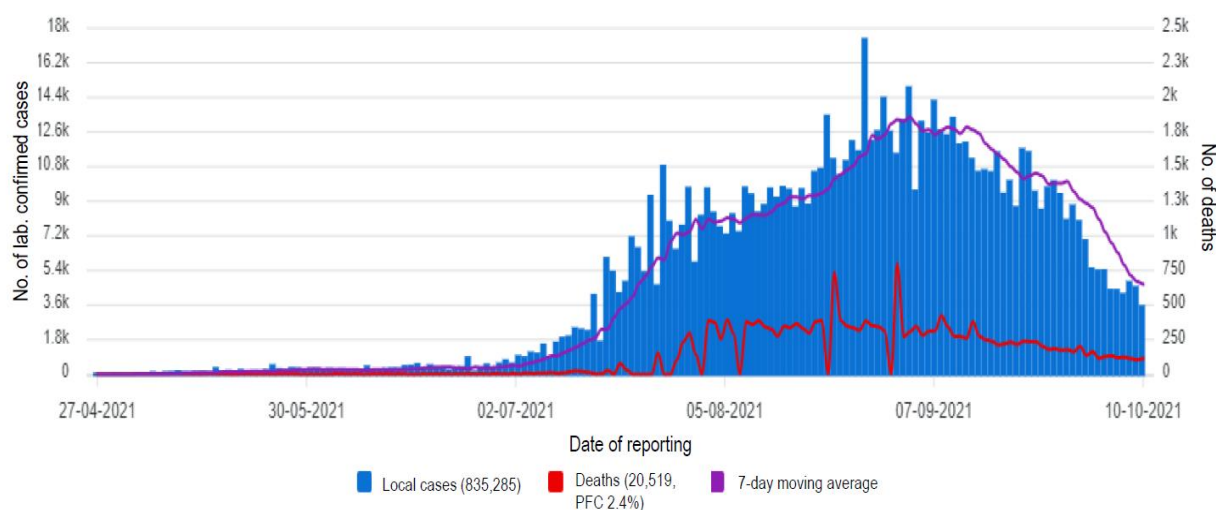


Figure 1. Epidemic curve of COVID-19 laboratory confirmed cases and deaths by date of reporting for the current outbreaks, from 27 Apr – 10 Oct 2021, Viet Nam

¹ For updates before 4 Oct 2021, refer to previous Sitreps. While epidemiological figures are as of 10 Oct Sep, other information may cover beyond this cut-off date.

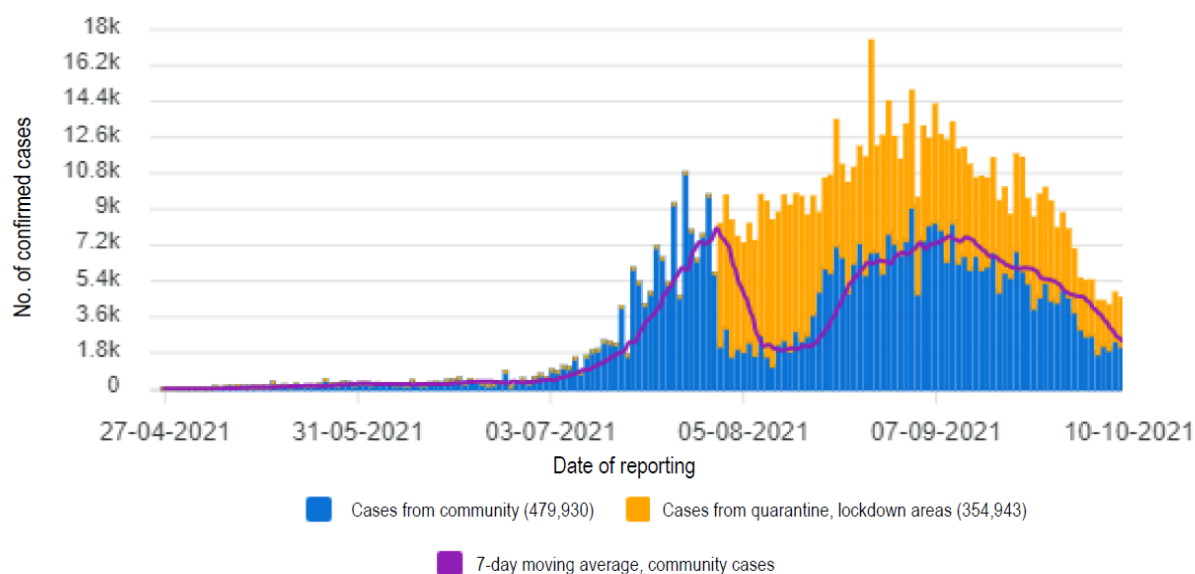


Figure 2. Epidemic curve of COVID-19 laboratory confirmed cases with category of detection, by date of reporting for the current outbreaks, from 27 Apr – 10 Oct 2021, Viet Nam

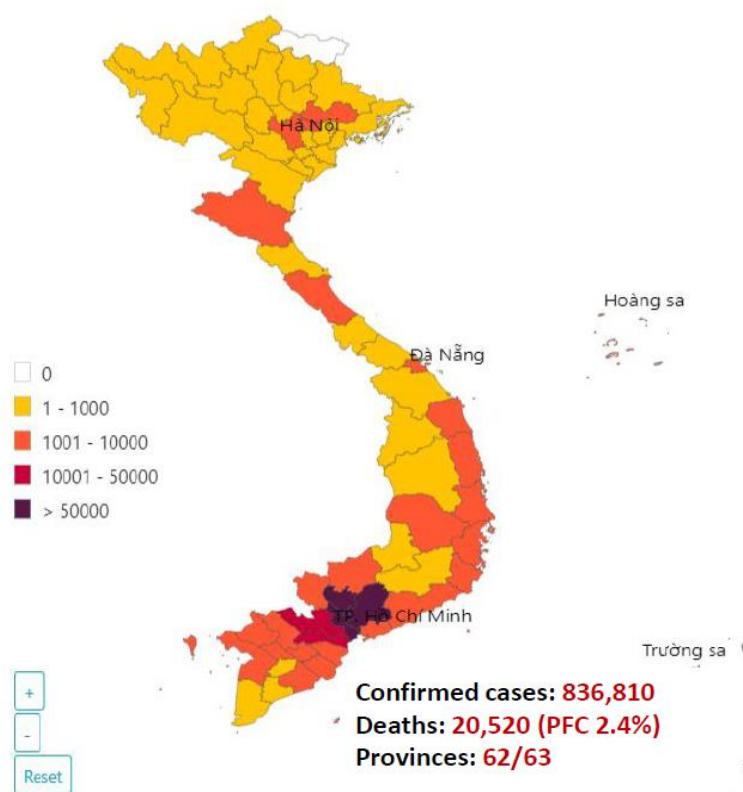
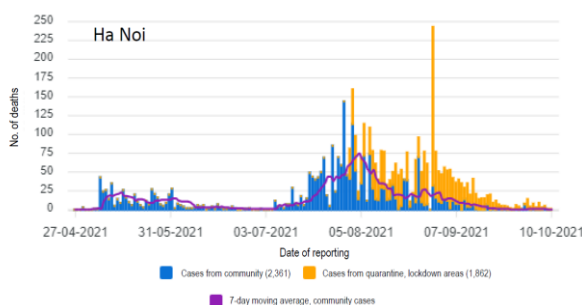
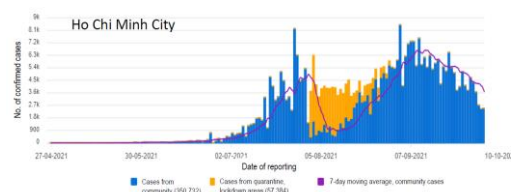


Figure 3. Distribution of COVID-19 laboratory confirmed cases in the current outbreaks by province, 27 Apr – 10 Oct 2021, Viet Nam

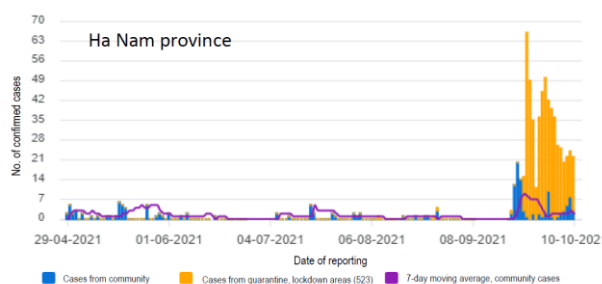
Ho Chi Minh City (HCMC) continues to be the epicentre with its cumulative number of cases accounting for **approx. 49%** of the national tally. **Average daily case numbers (1,802 cases)** have shown a **51.2% decrease** compared to the previous week. **Daily average number of deaths continued to decrease (by 20.6% compared to previous week).**



New cluster of cases in Ha Noi (Viet Duc hospital) is being brought under control: The **Index case (#784177)** is a 50-yro-male resident of My Hoa, Phu Luu commune, Loc Ha Dist., Ha Tinh who is a family caregiver of a hospital inpatient from 19 – 29 Sep. Upon hospital discharge on 29 Sep, he tested positive with SARS-CoV-2, confirmed on 30 Sep. As of 10 Oct, **69 cases had been reported** (Ha Noi: 50; Nam Dinh 10; Ha Tinh: 6; Hai Duong 2, Hung Yen 1). **Of those, 28 are patients; 25 are caregivers; 6 are hospital staff and 10 related cases.**

Investigation and response are ongoing. As of 3 Oct., at least 16,026 samples have been collected of those 9,227 samples tested negative, 26 samples tested positive; the remaining with pending results. Around 140 F1 contacts have been transferred (in the same night) to centralized quarantine facility in Chuong My (Ha Noi). Viet Duc hospital and various streets in the neighbourhood have been put under lockdown since 30 Sep.

Ongoing clusters of cases in Ha Nam province: after 24 days without community cases reported in the province, on 19 Sep, two cases who are returnees from a Stage 3 province of Dong Nai tested positive for SARS-CoV-2. **By 10 Oct, at least 635 confirmed cases have been reported which were linked to 18 transmission chains and among 4 groups** including schools, industrial parks, hospitals and community. There have been cases in various settings that have unknown epidemiological links; **investigation and response are ongoing.**



See [Figure 4](#). for Epi curves of COVID-19 laboratory confirmed cases with category of detection, by date of reporting, HCMC, Ha Noi and Ha Nam, 27 Apr – 10 Oct 2021.

- **The five (5) cities/ provinces with the highest case number** reported remain: **HCMC** (410,128 cases, 15,634 deaths, PFC 3.8%); **Binh Duong** (222,082 cases, 2,182 deaths, PFC 0.98%); **Dong Nai** (54,989 cases, 521 deaths, PFC 0.95%); **Long An** (33,230 cases, 444 deaths, PFC 1.35%); **Tien Giang** (14,541 cases, 386 deaths, PFC 2.7%).
- **Seven (7) provinces have passed at least 14 days** since the last local cases reported: Bac Can, Tuyen Quang, Hoa Binh, Thai Nguyen, Dien Bien, Hai Phong, Thai Binh.
- **Twelve (12) provinces have not reported secondary transmission:** Quang Ninh, Vinh Phuc, Bac Giang, Phu Tho, Ninh Binh, Bac Ninh, Lang Son, Son La, Yen Bai, Lao Cai, Ha Giang, Lai Chau.
- **Public Health and Social Measures (PHSMs):**
 - **All of the 23 cities/provinces that applied PM's Directive No.16 have relaxed PHSMs.** HCMC started applying D-18 on gradual economic recovery from 1st Oct. Six (6) provinces shifted to implementing D-19 in the entire province (Hau Giang, Vinh Long, Ben Tre, Phu Yen, Kien Giang and Bac Lieu); eight (8) cities/ provinces still apply D-15 in the entire province (Ba Ria – Vung Tau, Ca Mau, Dong Thap, Long An, Tien Giang, Tra Vinh, Can Tho and Ha Noi); eight (8) provinces continued relaxing PHSMs as per D-16, D-15 or D-19 based on risk level (An Giang, Binh Duong, Binh Phuoc, Da Nang, Dong Nai, Khanh Hoa, Soc Trang and Tay Ninh).
 - **For the remaining 40 provinces:** Cao Bang remains without cases; 18 provinces have lifted all lockdown areas; 19 provinces apply D-16, D-15 or D-19 depending on the risk level, Binh Thuan and Binh Dinh provinces apply D-15, D-19 in the entire province, respectively.

For more details, visit:

[COVID-19 Dashboard](#) of the General Department of Preventive Medicine (GDPM)/MOH.

[MOH link](#) of the MOH for updated list of lockdown areas in Viet Nam.

Cumulatively from Jan 2020 to 10 Oct 2021, Viet Nam has reported a total cumulative number **839,662** laboratory confirmed cases (**99.6% are locally transmitted**) from all 63 provinces including **20,555 deaths (PFC 2.4%)**; of those approximately **93.2% have recovered**. There are currently **36,908 people being monitored and treated** of those **5,014 are severe cases** including **22 patients are under ECMO**.

- ✓ Age and sex distribution of COVID-19 cases: Analysis from 788,735 cases shows that ages of cases range from 2 months to 100 years old. About 55.2% of all cases are in the 30-69 years old age group, 3.4% are above 70 years old, and the remaining 41.4% are under 30 years old. The proportion of male vs female is around 48.8% vs 51.2%.

See Figure 5.

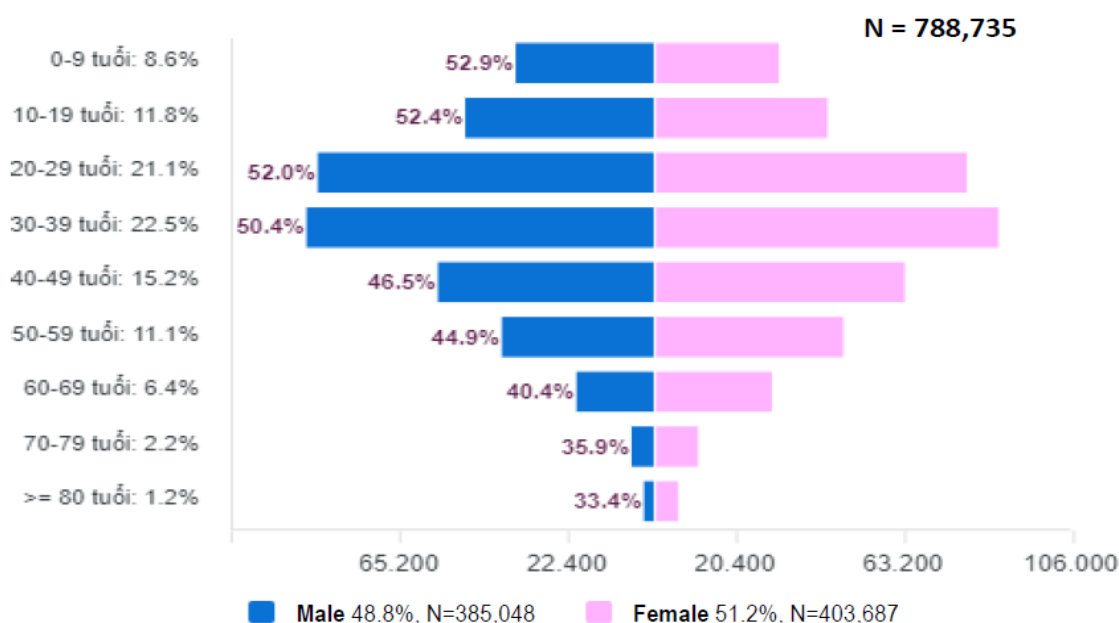


Figure 5. Distribution of COVID-19 cases by age group and sex, current community outbreak as of 10 Oct 2021

Other key highlights

- **A National Comprehensive Strategic Plan (NCSP) in a new normal context for COVID-19** is being developed and led by the Viet Nam Health Environment Management Agency (VIHEMA), in coordination with relevant Government stakeholders and with the support from WHO.
- **Enhancing risk communication:** The launch of the campaign called **“Get vaccinated, keep faith”** was livestreamed on 8 Oct on Fanpage Facebook Sức Khỏe Việt Nam (Viet Nam Health). The campaign will carry 12 short video clips on various topics and a music video to scale up public awareness about the pandemic and vaccination. WHO continues to support MOH on communication related to vaccine safety and preventive measures.
- **PC-Covid application** was upgraded from the Bluezone application and would be a single mobility app that people would have to use when they travel within Viet Nam. This app includes information on the “COVID-19 card” Health declaration; domestic move declaration; vaccination information; test information; close contact tracing; infection trends; risk mapping, etc.
- **Continued accelerating vaccine supply and delivery** with support from international partners; ramping up vaccination process.

Vaccination (See Annex 1)

- **As of 10 Oct, a total of 65,836,106 doses** have arrived in Viet Nam. 4.5M doses this week: Govt. COVAX; 1,209,780 Pfizer doses, Govt donation; China 1M Sinopharm doses, Bilateral; 1,316,900 AZ, 992,160 Pfizer doses.

- **As of 10 Oct, a total of 54,279,564 doses (8.78M doses in a week) have been administered: 38,698,136 persons completed 1st dose (reached to 56% of pop>18yo, 40% of total pop) and persons completed 2nd doses has reached 15,581,428 (22% of pop >18yo, 16% of total pop).**
- **During the week (4-10 Oct), a total of 7,445,628 doses have been administered**, including in Ha Noi (1.1M doses), HCMC (900,000 doses), Dong Nai (713,000 doses), Binh Duong (553,000 doses), etc.
- **COVAX:** 15,318,230 doses delivered. New offer committed this week: additional 2M AZ and a donation of 969,930 doses of the Pfizer vaccine from France. Coming vaccine supply:
 - ✓ AstraZeneca: Italy dose sharing 796,000 doses and 1,225,440 doses, 10,000 reallocation, 2M additional offer.
 - ✓ Pfizer: 789,750 remaining doses as additional Round 5 on 12 Oct. 5,267,340 doses as Round 7, 969,930 France dose sharing.
 - ✓ Moderna: 1,317,120 doses as Round 7.
- **Donation from countries:** 11,525,710 doses delivered. Another 8.5M doses currently planned; ROK 1M, China 3M, AUS 4.5M.
- **Bilateral:** 38,992,116 doses delivered, another 142M doses currently planned.
- **To date, eight vaccines in Emergency Use Authorization by NRA of Viet Nam:** AstraZeneca, Pfizer, Moderna, Johnson & Johnson (Janssen), Sinopharm BIBP, Sputnik V, and Hayat-Vax COVID-19 (Sinopharm manufacturing site).

Government direction and key public health response measures

- MOH plans to issue guidelines on COVID-19 vaccinations for children aged from 12-18 years old, by Oct 15.
- **10 Oct** - PM issued an urgent telegram to Ministers, Chairman of Provincial/Cities People's Committee, and Chairman of provincial/cities Steering Committee requesting a safe, flexible, and effective adaptation of COVID-19 control with regards to transportation of people.
 - ✓ Reopening of flights was directed by government notice dated 8 Oct 2021 on DPM's conclusion of the meeting between ministries with provinces/cities.
 - ✓ Assigning MOT and MOH to strictly supervise, guide, and monitor the implementation of the localities.
 - ✓ Assigning MOT, based MOH guidance, to issue the guidelines for the reopening of railways and inter-province road transportation within three days.
- **10 Oct** – MOH issued an official Dispatch No. 1563/CD-BYT requesting localities to speed up vaccination.
- **10-11 Oct** - MOT issued a decision on piloting inter-provincial buses and trains based on risk levels from 13–20 Oct. Passengers will be expected to follow the quarantine measures in place at their destination.
- **9 Oct**- Office of the government issued the PM's conclusion from the NSC meeting, key points as below:
 - ✓ MOH in collaboration with Office of the Government to finalize and issue an Interim Guidance on safe and flexible adaptation to effectively controlling COVID-19 pandemic;
 - ✓ Ministries and provinces/cities, when issuing regulations for outbreak prevention and control measures, to follow latest guidance from the central government; and
 - ✓ National uniformity in all means of transport (i.e. waterway, road, air), is under the management and regulation of the Government.
- **8 Oct** - MOH requested localities to tighten management of population mobility and entrants from hot spots (HCMC, Dong Nai, Long An, Tien Giang) after relaxed restrictions.
- **8 Oct** – Notice from the Office of the government (signed by DPM) regarding the reopening of domestic flights; two key points include (1) Gradual reopening of domestic flights, and (2) provinces/cities are requested to agree with the MOT's proposal on reopening of domestic flights.
- **6 Oct** - the Government issued a Resolution to purchase 400,000 doses of Astra Zeneca vaccine from Hungarian government.
- ❖ **Domestic travel**
 - **10 Oct** - reopened domestic flights from 10-20 Oct with 19 return flights of those 13 are from HCMC to 13 provinces, two are from Ha Noi to HCMC and Da Nang, and two are from Da Nang to Can Tho and Lam Dong, and one from Thanh Hoa to Lam Dong.
 - Ha Noi, Hai Phong have allowed returnees from hotspot localities to quarantine at home. All testing and other costs will be self-covered.
 - These passengers are required to:
 - ✓ Have full vaccination certificate (with the second dose taken at least 14 days and not more than 12 months before departure), or COVID-19 recovery certificate issued within 6 months before departure.

- ✓ Have negative COVID-19 test certificate issued within 72 hours before departure.
- ✓ Comply with the MOH's 5K message.

- Detailed information on quarantine and testing for air/ bus/ train travellers are summarized in the below table under the MOT's above mentioned two decisions:

Requirement	Test	Quarantine and other measures
Individuals from very-high risk, high risk zones to an equivalent or lower risk zones		
Fully vaccinated or recovered from COVID-19. Travellers or Unvaccinated (ineligible for vaccination e.g. children) and accompanied by qualified travellers	RT-PCR testing/antigen testing within 72 hours before departure Test for COVID-19 on 2 nd day	Fill in the traveller list in the bus/train Follow 5K, health declaration Register with local authority upon arrival Self-monitor health or quarantine according to MOH's and local authorities' regulations Immediately inform local health authority if showing any signs of infection
Individuals traveling from risk zones or new normal to higher risk zones		
None	RT-PCR testing/antigen testing within 72 hours before departure Test for COVID-19 on 2 nd day	Fill in the traveller list in the bus/train Follow 5K, health declaration Register with local authority upon arrival Self-monitor health or quarantine according to MOH's and local authorities' regulations Immediately inform local health authority if showing any signs of infection
Bus and train drivers and workers		
Fully vaccinated or recovered from COVID-19	RT-PCR testing/antigen testing within 72 hours before departure	Self-monitor their health until the subsequent trips

❖ **Community lockdown and social distancing:**

- Various provinces including Thua Thien -Hue, Khanh Hoa, Ba Ria Vung Tau provinces and Can Gio district in HCMC reopened tourist services for the local people. More southern provinces have recently relaxed PHSMS such as Tra Vinh, Dong Nai and An Giang.
- **8 Oct - HCMC** planned to get back to a normal situation after 15 Oct if the outbreak situation is under control.

❖ **Hospital lockdown:**

- **11 Oct** - Viet Duc (Viet Nam - German Friendship) hospital has been under lockdown since 30 Sep.
- **28 Sep**: Can Tho Heart Hospital has been under locked down since 3 Oct.

❖ **School closure**

- **As of 10 Oct** - children are back to school in 23 Northern mountainous and Hong delta river provinces; 9 provinces have been applying semi-virtual teaching and learning methods, and 31 remaining provinces have been applying on-line teaching and learning.
- From 11 Oct, HCMC students in grade 6 and grade 9 will start studying on television. HCMC plans to reopen schools for in-person learning from Jan 2022.

Laboratory testing

- A broad testing strategy continues to be followed, with laboratory testing of all F1, and F2 contacts in some locations, members of outbreak communities/localities as well as ad hoc testing in high-risk location in certain provinces.

- As of 10 Oct, approximately 25,610,939 RT-PCR tests (both single and pooled samples) have been conducted. For this 4th wave, 20,074,468 RT-PCR tests (both single and pooled samples) have been conducted.
- Currently, there are 272 confirmatory laboratories for COVID-19 by RT-PCR established in Viet Nam including 110 from Northern region, 28 from Central-coastal region, 5 from Central-highland region, and 129 from Southern region.
- **4 Oct** – MoH issued an official document No. 8345/BCĐ-TTrB which aims to strengthen the inspection of import, procurement and trading of rapid test kits and RT-PCR tests. The purpose is to promptly detect, and prevent acts taking advantage of the pandemic for personal profit and the unregulated raising of prices.
- HCMC has implemented guidelines for testing SARS-CoV-2 at medical examination and treatment facilities in the new situation. The new guidelines emphasize that for emergency cases, it is necessary to prioritize the patient's emergency intervention immediately, then after the patient is stable, Ag-RDTs can be requested if there are suspicious symptoms.
- **03 Oct**– MoH issued an official document No. 8318/BYT-DP which aims to test and quarantine for COVID-19 prevention and control with people moving between at-risk areas. The instruction relates to the people traveling from very-high risk and high-risk area to an equivalent or lower-risk area; as well as people going from a risk area to an equivalent risk area or a new normal.
- The National Center of Technology for COVID-19 prevention has coordinated to deploy the platform to support sampling and return test results in the electronic form online in some provinces such as Tay Ninh; Binh Duong; Bac Giang; Dong Nai; Dong Thap; Can Tho; Vinh Long; Ba Ria - Vung Tau, etc. and 26 other provinces are in the process of training to prepare for deployment.

Case management

- As of **10 October**, there were **80,541** people infected with COVID-19 being isolated, monitored or treated in the country, as 15.3% decrease from 95,063 cases reported last week. During the week, **836 additional deaths** were reported (an average of 120 deaths reported per day). **20,555 cumulative deaths (PFC 2.4% - 21 deaths per 100,000 population)** have been reported since Jan 2020.

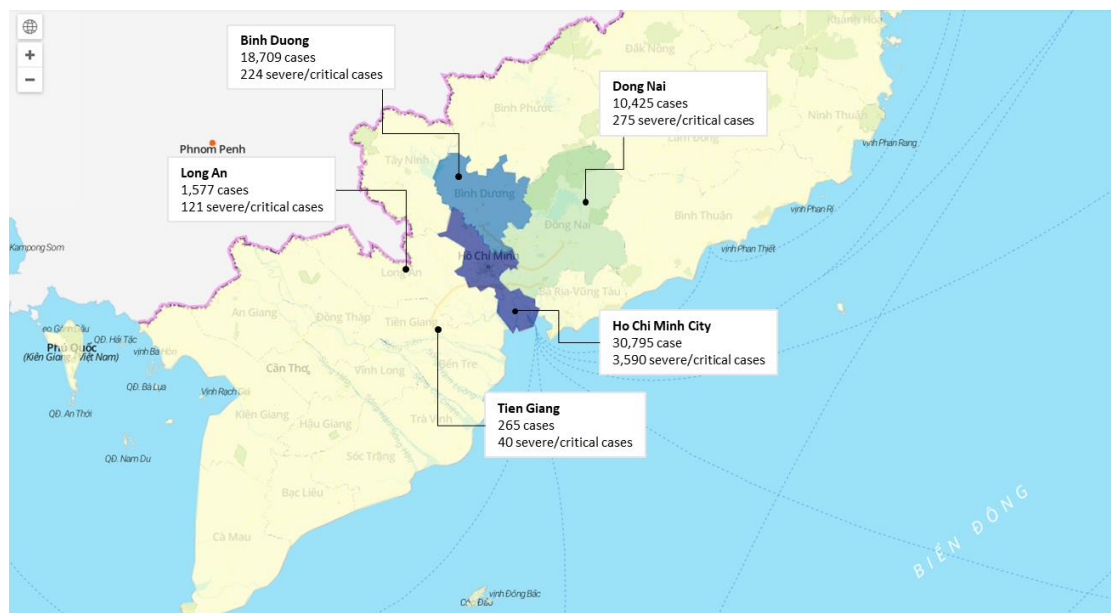
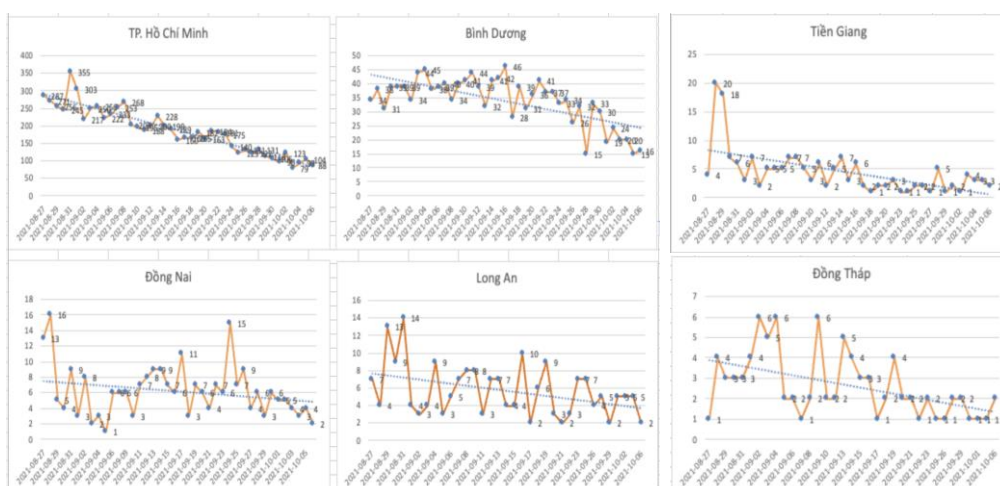


Figure 6. Number of COVID-19 cases are being treated in hospitals as of 10th October 2021 in 5 provinces with highest number of cumulative cases in this current wave (from 27th April 2021) ([Source](#))

- Among cumulative deaths, HCMC (15,634 deaths, PFC 3.8%) and neighbouring provinces of Binh Duong (2,182 deaths, PFC 0.98%), Dong Nai (521 deaths, PFC 0.95%), Long An (444 deaths, PFC 1.38%), Tien Giang (386 deaths, PFC 2.65%) accounted for highest proportions of fatal cases.
- Data of 6 provinces with highest number of cumulative cases and deaths from the end of August up to first week of October shows the number of daily deaths has been decreasing ([Source](#))



- **Current capacity of the Health care facilities:** No updates. For updates before 26 Sep, see previous Sitreps.
- **Government response:** 6 October, MOH promulgate Decision 4689/QĐ-BYT on diagnostic and treatment guideline of COVID-19 (version 7). For updates before 26 Sep, see previous Sitreps.

Risk communication



- On October 8, the Ministry of Health-Department of Communication launched a vaccination communications campaign, in partnership with Facebook. The campaign called “**Get vaccinated, keep faith**” also included a talk show that was livestreamed on Facebook on the same date. MOH, WHO and Facebook participated in the launch and the talk show, available in this link: [MOH-Facebook Vaccination Campaign Launch](#)
- Government continues to provide timely and transparent communication, advice and guidance to the public, in multiple channels, on various public health measures and actions by the Government. These are disseminated in local media as well as in social media platform, such as the MOH Facebook page: [VNM MOH Sức khỏe Việt Nam](#) as well as WHO Facebook page: [World Health Organization Viet Nam](#).
- WHO continues to provide technical and capacity development support to the MOH and counterparts in outbreak communications, as well as on vaccine safety communications.
- Media agencies are provided timely and regular updates on outbreak situation and Government action for content in media reports to the public. Current topics of interest for the media and social media (based on media inquiries and reports) are on vaccination for children, transition to new normal, travel advisories, public health and social measures in Hanoi, situation and risk assessment and 5K messaging.
- New communication materials developed and disseminated this week include the following:

On Outbreak Response

- ❖ [Low risk and not NO risk](#)
- ❖ [Mental health at the time of COVID-19](#)
- ❖ [Travelling safely during the pandemic](#)
- ❖ [Tips in wearing a mask correctly](#)
- ❖ [Keeping schools safe \(Science in 5 video, with Vietnamese sub-title\)](#)
- ❖ [Explainer on various COVID-19 tests](#)
- ❖ [Avoid 3Cs -- stay in ventilated spaces to prevent COVID-19](#)
- ❖ [Keep safe while shopping](#)
- ❖ 5K messaging: [keep safe, practice 5K](#); [5K Reminders](#): A reminder to people as Hanoi re-opens malls and allows outdoor exercise; [5K + Vaccine](#)
- ❖ [Do it All to protect everyone from COVID-19](#)
- ❖ Solidarity messages: [Empathy during COVID-19](#); [Do not discriminate](#)
- ❖ [Preventing domestic violence during and after the pandemic](#)
- ❖ [Homecare for COVID-19](#)
- ❖ [Supporting each other -- we are a community](#)
- ❖ [Mental health during COVID-19](#)
- ❖ Continue preventive measures (5K) even after vaccination: [avoid crowded places](#); [keep safe distance](#); [wear mask](#); [Proper way to wear mask for children](#)
- ❖ [Safe maternal and newborn care on World Patient Safety Day](#)
- ❖ [Suicide Prevention Messages](#)



On COVID-19 Vaccination

- ❖ Vaccine prioritization: [Why should we prioritize vulnerable groups](#); [Why should we prioritize the elderly for vaccination](#)
- ❖ Vaccine confidence: [Rigorous process in vaccine development](#); [WHO approved vaccines are effective and safe](#); [Get vaccinated when it's your turn](#)

On WHO's Guidance and OpenWHO Training

- ❖ [OpenWHO Course: Clinical management of patients with COVID-19 \(in Vietnamese\)](#)
- ❖ [National deployment and vaccination plan for COVID-19 vaccines](#)

Other communication products and campaign materials on COVID-19, visit the [World Health Organization Viet Nam](#).

WHO's support

WHO continues to support the MOH in various technical areas, such as providing technical advice with scientific evidence, supporting data management, reporting and information sharing, supporting the review and revision of technical guidelines, supporting ongoing efforts on COVID-19 vaccine development and deployment as well as distribution plans and effective communication (e.g., reinforcement of preventive measures, media engagement and communications on vaccine safety); **development of a National Comprehensive Strategic Plan (NCSP) for COVID-19 response in a new normal context**, etc. A provision of additional COVID-19 supplies and equipment to support Viet Nam's outbreak response has been actively distributed since August which included PPEs and medical equipment.

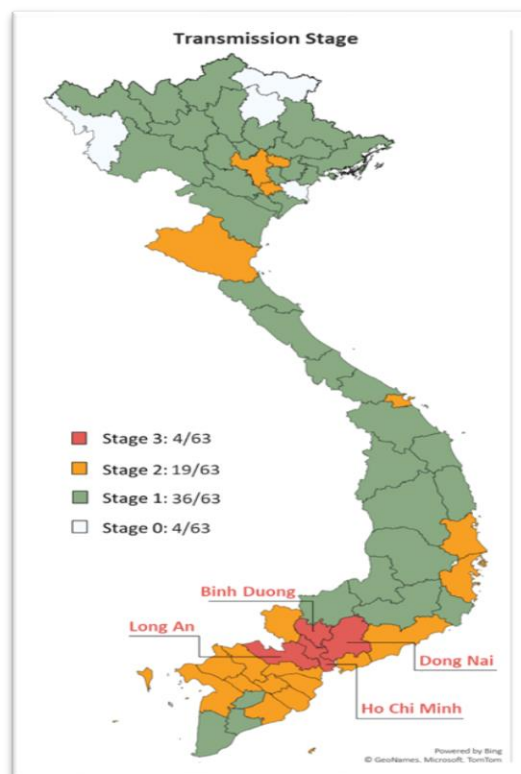
For updates before 4 October - See previous Sitreps

Transmission Stage Assessment

Overall assessment – As of the week ended on 10 Oct 2021, 62/63 cities and provinces have reported COVID-19 cases in the current wave. **Four (4) provinces are in Stage 0; 36 provinces are in Stage 1; 19 provinces remain in Stage 2; and 4 provinces remain in Stage 3.** There might be a risk of some provinces moving upward in their transmission stage in the coming days, especially if lacking vigilance while relaxing PHSMs are being implemented in many provinces.

Sub-national level

- **Four (4) provinces remain in Stage 3** – HCMC, Binh Duong, Dong Nai and Long An where large-scale community transmission persist, although the situation continued to improve in all four provinces.
- **Nineteen (19) provinces remain in Stage 2** – these included Ha Noi, Bac Ninh, Nghe An, Da Nang, Binh Thuan, Phu Yen, Khanh Hoa, Tay Ninh, Dong Thap, Can Tho, Vinh Long, Ben Tre, Soc Trang, An Giang, Tra Vinh, Tien Giang, Ba Ria – Vung Tau, Kien Giang and Ha Nam. No clear signals of large-scale community transmission have been yet documented.
- **Thirty-six (36) provinces are in Stage 1** – The remaining provinces. **Lai Chau, Ha Giang and Hoa Binh have moved to Stage 1 from Stage 0** having imported cases from hotspot provinces in the South.
- **Four (4) provinces are in Stage 0** – This included Cao Bang province that has not reported any cases in the current outbreak; Dien Bien, Bac Kan and with an addition of Thai Binh province that has passed at least 28 days since the last cases (either domestically or internationally imported) reported.



Additional cases might be expected, especially among the ongoing clusters in Stage 2 provinces of Ha Nam and Ha Noi.

However, a **risk for wider community transmission in these two provinces is low** given the vigorous contact tracing and response measures in place.

With strict PHSMs being applied in the past three months, the situation in **HCMC and other hotspot provinces continues improving** especially with **daily fatal cases gradually decreasing** in the past four consecutive weeks; the positivity rates in HCMC now stands at 0.2%, decreased 20 times compared to during the peak of the outbreak. The city started opening various activities and services from 1st October, entering a *new normal*. **Ha Noi continued to implement the PM's Directive No.15 since 21 Sep.** while on standby to respond to possible community clusters including the ongoing one in Viet Duc hospital. **High number of new cases might persist in coming days in hotspot provinces, while case fatality is expected to continue decreasing.**

Transmission Stage Assessment

Stage 0 - No cases

No new cases for at least 28 days. The risk of infection for most people in this area is minimal.

Stage 1 - Imported cases

Cases detected in the past 14 days are all imported or are linked to imported cases. No clear signals of further locally acquired transmission. Minimal risk of infection for the general population. The risk of infection for most people in this area is very low.

*Data may be incomplete for the current day or week

Stage 2 - Localized community transmission

Cases and clusters detected in the past 14 days are locally acquired but are mostly limited to places or population sub-groups. No clear signals of large-scale community transmission. Low risk of infection for the general population. The risk of infection for most people in this area is low but increased if interacting with places or population sub-groups with known transmission.

Stage 3 - Large-scale community transmission

Cases and clusters detected in the past 14 days are locally acquired and not limited to place or population sub-groups. Moderate to high risk of infection for the general population.

Assessment done by WHO Viet Nam with concurrence from the Ministry of Health of Viet Nam.

Epidemiology

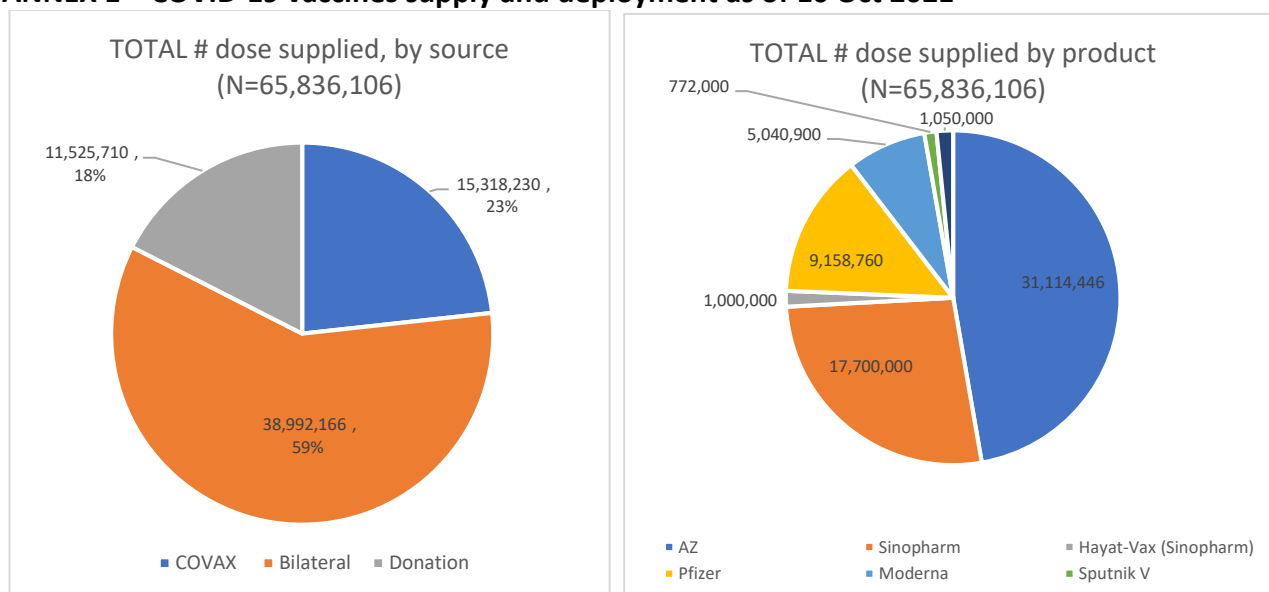
Epi Update COVID-19

Tests (TBU) 1,346,604 NAT Tests past 7 days (+95.6% 7-day) 25,610,939 Cumulative NAT Tests	Cases 31,084 New cases past 7 days (-40.1% 7-day) 839,662 Cumulative Cases	Deaths 836 Deaths past 7 days (-26.3% 7-day) 20,555 Cumulative Deaths	ICU Admissions 4,178 Current ICU admissions At least 23,178 (TBU) Cumulative ICU Admissions
0.1% Imported Cases in past 28 days (269)	At least 12,700 Cases in past 28 days with no link (TBU)	At least 281 Active Clusters (TBU)	79 (TBU) Active clusters with >3 generations

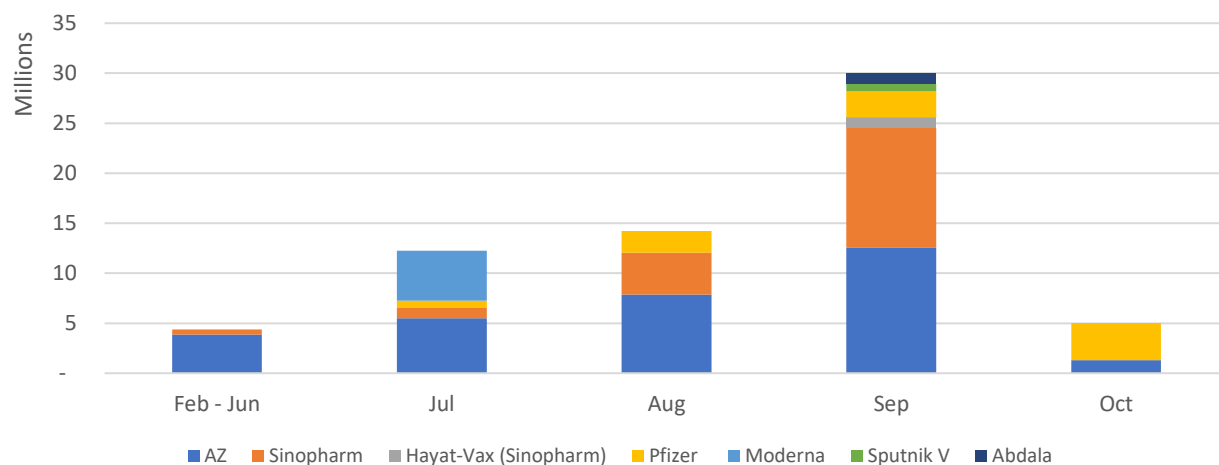
Health Service Provision COVID-19

Most of national hospital staff Health care workers trained in COVID19 Case Management	n.a. Healthcare worker cases reported past week (Total: 2,868)	31,084 Hospitals admitting/ under monitoring COVID-19 past week	16,000 ICU beds in total estimated nationwide (ICU bed occupancy in HCMC 93%; in other affected provinces) (TBU)	30,000 (TBC) Non-ICU Hospital beds for COVID-19 patients (As of 29 Aug – at least 35 field hospitals set up across the country; ICU centres/ beds set ready in HCMC and other provinces)
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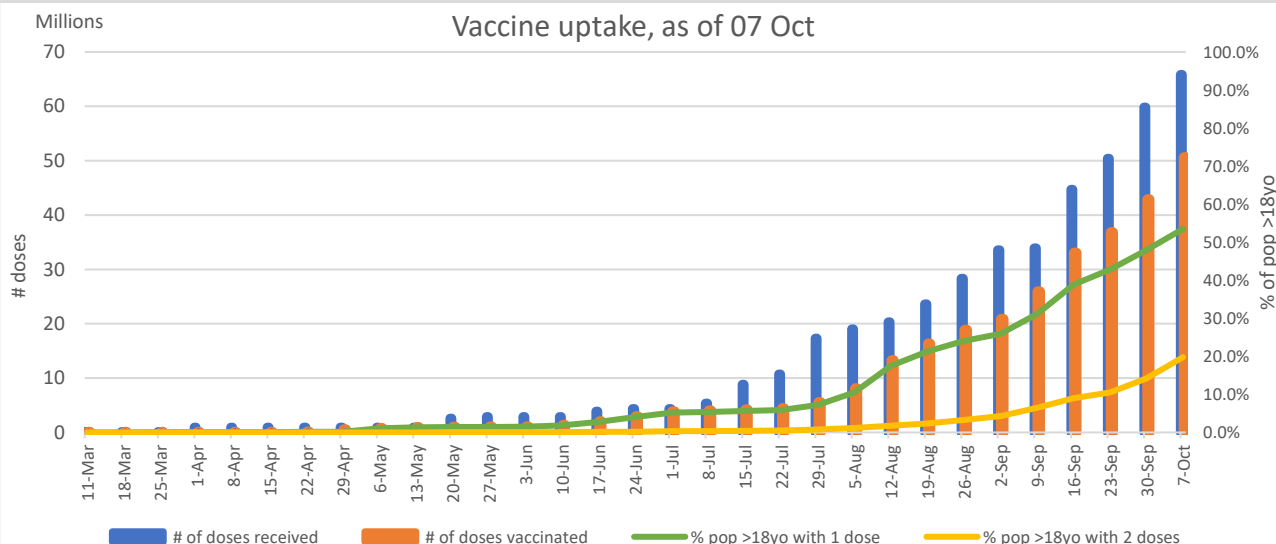
ANNEX 1 – COVID-19 vaccines supply and deployment as of 10 Oct 2021



Monthly # dose supplied, by product



Vaccine uptake, as of 07 Oct



ANNEX 2 – NPIs measures at provincial and district levels in selected provinces, as of 4 Oct

No	Province	Date implementation started	NPI measures	Lifted/ changed
Southern provinces/cities				
1	HCMC	9 Jul	Continued implementing D-16 until end of Sep	30 Sep: started implementing City's D-18
2	Dong Nai	9 Jul	Continued implementing D-16 until 20 Sep	1 Oct
3	Tien Giang	9 Jul	Continued implementing D-16 until 15 Sep	25 Sep: Shifted to implement D-15.
4	Dong Thap	9 Jul	Continued implementing D-16 until 15 Sep	1 Oct.
5	Tay Ninh	9 Jul	Continued implementing D-16 until 15 Sep	4 red and 12 orange areas implement D-16 56 yellow areas implement D-15, and 468 green areas implement “new normal”
6	Can Tho	9 Jul	Continued implementing D-16 until 18 Sep	30 Sep: Shifted to implement D-15.
7	Binh Duong	9 Jul	Shifted to implement D-15 in 4 Dists, the remaining district/cities continued with D-16.	1 Oct
8	Long An	9 Jul	Shifted to implement D-15 in 9 districts, the remaining 6 district/cities continued with D-16 until 20 Sep.	29 Sep: shifted to implement D-15.
9	Kien Giang	9 Jul	Shifted to implement D-15 in 9 districts, the remaining 6 district/cities continued with D-16 until 20 Sep.	30 Sep: Shifted to implement D-19.
10-19	Other provinces	9 Jul	Shifted to implement D-15 or D-19 depending on the situation.	29 Aug
Northern provinces/cities				
20	Ha Noi	6 Sep	Zone 1 continued implementing D-16 until 21 Sep, zones 2 and 3 shifted to implement D-15.	21 Sep: shift to implement D-15 28 Sep: reopen more services
21	Nam Dinh	1 Sep	Started implementing D-16 in 4 communes and D-15 in the remaining 20 communes in Hai Hau Dist.	15 Sep
22	Thanh Hoa	6 Sep	Continued implementing D-16 until 15 Sep	25 Sep: new normal
23	Nghe An	20 Aug	Shifted to implement D-15 in Vinh City	2 Oct
Central provinces/cities				
24	Quang Binh	8 Sep	Continued implementing D-16 in Bo Trach district, Dong Hoi city, and several communes of Quang Ninh and Tuyen Hoa districts.	3 Oct: implementing D-16 in several villages of Tuyen Hoa and Ba Don district, implementing D-15 in several villages, and remaining areas implementing D-19.
25	Da Nang	22 Jul	Implement “stay at home” order in red areas, travel pass required for going out in yellow zones, going to traditional markets allowed once every 5 days in green zones	30 Sep: new normal
26	Binh Dinh	25 Aug	Continued implementing D-15 until further notice	1 Oct: shifted to implement D-19.
		18 Sep	Started implementing D-16 in a commune of Quy Nhon City	
27	Phu Yen	26 Aug	Continued implementing D-16 in 3 cities/districts, shifted to implement D-15 in the remaining districts	19 Sep: Implementing D-16 in 2 communes in 2 districts.
28	Khanh Hoa	9 Jul	Relaxed social distancing in green and yellow zones	7 Sep
29	Binh Thuan	9 Sep	Continued with D-16 in La Gi Dist. until 15 Sep.	4 Oct: shifted to implement D-15
		4 Oct	4 communes in Phan Thiet City started implementing D-16.	
Central-highland provinces				
30	Gia Lai	28 Aug	Lifted implementing D-16 in Pleiku city	9 Sep
31	Dak Lak	28 Aug	Shifted to implement D-16 in Buon Ma Thuot city	11 Sep